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More Dosing Accuracy, Touch the Patient's Preference

# The First FDA-Approved Anabolic Drug for Osteoporosis

Recombinant Human PTH (1-34)



## CinnoPar® is recombinant endogenous PTH (1-34) produced by CinnaGen Co. CinnoPar® is used for treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women, who are at high risk for fractures. CinnoPar® is used to increase bone mass in men with primary or hypogonadal osteoporosis who are at high risk for fractures. CinnoPar® is used in men and women with osteoporosis associated with chronic systemic glucocorticoid therapy at high risk for fractures. CinnoPar® has been produced for SC injection, in 2.4 mL sterile pre-filled pen containing 250 mcg/mL.

## **CinnoPar**®

**CinnoPar**<sup>®</sup> is recombinant endogenous parathyroid hormone (PTH), also called rhPTH (1-34). It has an identical sequence to the 34 N-terminal amino acids (the biologically active region) of the human endogenous parathyroid hormone.

### **Dosage Form and Strength**

Sterile pre-filled pen, 2.4 mL, containing 600 mcg of Teriparatide (250 mcg/mL). Each pen provides 30 subcutaneous injections (80 microliters (0.08 mL) or 20 mcg per injection). 20 mcg means 8 clicks on the pen.

#### Mechanism of Action •

The pharmacologic activity of **CinnoPar®**, which is similar to the physiologic activity of PTH, includes stimulating osteoblast function, increasing gastrointestinal calcium absorption, and increasing renal tubular reabsorption of calcium. Treatment with **CinnoPar®** results in increased bone mineral density, bone mass, and strength. In postmenopausal women, teriparatide has been shown to decrease osteoporosis-related fractures.

#### Indications

- Treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women who are at high risk for fracture (as history of osteoporotic fracture or multiple risk factors for fracture).
- Increase bone mass in men with primary or hypogonadal osteoporosis who are at high risk for fracture.
- Treatment of men and women with osteoporosis associated with chronic systemic glucocorticoid therapy with a prednisone dosage of ≥5 mg/day (or equivalent) at a high risk for fracture.



#### **Dosing and Administration**

- The recommended dose is 20 mcg subcutaneously once a day.
- CinnoPar<sup>®</sup> should be administered as a subcutaneous injection into the thigh or abdominal wall.
- **CinnoPar**<sup>®</sup> should be administered initially under circumstances in which the patient may sit or lie down , in the event of orthostasis.
- **CinnoPar**<sup>®</sup> is a clear and colorless liquid. It should not be used if solid particles appear or if the solution is cloudy or colored.

#### Treatment Duration -

Use of **CinnoPar**<sup>®</sup> for more than 2 years during a patient's lifetime should only be considered if a patient remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture.

#### Adverse Reactions -

#### >10%:

- Endocrine & metabolic: Hypercalcemia (transient increases noted 4 to 6 hours postdose [women 11%; men 6%])
- Gastrointestinal: Nausea (9% to 14%)

#### 1% to 10%:

- <u>Cardiovascular</u>: Orthostatic hypotension (5%; transient), angina pectoris (3%), syncope (3%)
- Nervous system: Dizziness (8%), headache (8%), insomnia (5%), anxiety (4%), depression (4%), vertigo (4%)
- Endocrine & metabolic: Hyperuricemia (3%)
- Gastrointestinal: Gastritis (7%), dyspepsia (5%), vomiting (3%)
- <u>Immunologic</u>: Antibody development (3% of women in long-term treatment; hypersensitivity reactions or decreased efficacy were not associated in preclinical trials)
- Infection: Herpes zoster (3%)
- Neuromuscular & skeletal: Arthralgia (10%), asthenia (9%), lower limb cramp (3%)
- Respiratory: Rhinitis (10%), pharyngitis (6%), dyspnea (4% to 6%; including acute dyspnea), pneumonia (3% to 6%)

#### Use in specific populations -

#### Pregnancy:

Adverse events were observed in animal reproduction studies. Consider discontinuing treatment once pregnancy in recognized.

#### **Breastfeeding:**

It is not known if teriparatide is present in breast milk. It is recommended to avoid using in patients who are breastfeeding.

#### **Pediatrics:**

CinnoPar<sup>®</sup> should not be used in pediatric and young adult patients with open epiphyses.











#### Contraindications

Do not use **CinnoPar**<sup>®</sup> in patients with hypersensitivity (angioedema and anaphylaxis) to Teriparatide or to any of its excipients.

#### Warnings and Precautions

- Patients with Paget disease of bone, pediatric and young adult patients with open epiphyses and patients with prior external beam or implant radiation involving the skeleton: Should not be treated with **CinnoPar**<sup>®</sup>.
- Patients with bone metastases, history of skeletal malignancies, metabolic bone diseases other than osteoporosis, or hypercalcemic disorders: Should not be treated with **CinnoPar**<sup>®</sup>.
- **Hypercalcemia:** Use with caution in patients with hypercalcemia; may increase or exacerbate hypercalcemia. Avoid use in patients with known or history of hypercalcemia disorder (eg, primary hyperparathyroidism).
- Urolithiasis: Use with caution in patients with active or recent urolithiasis because of risk of exacerbation.
- Orthostatic hypotension: Transient orthostatic hypotension may occur with initial doses of CinnoPar<sup>®</sup>, which is usually resolved without treatment within a few minutes to a few hours.

#### **Monitoring Parameters**

- Orthostatic hypotension
- Serum calcium (draw at least 16 hours after teriparatide dose)
- Urinary calcium (in active urolithiasis or preexisting hypercalciuria)
- Bone mineral density (BMD) (at baseline and 1 to 2 years following initiation of therapy)
- Biochemical markers of bone turnover if needed to assess treatment response (at baseline, 3 months, and 6 months)

#### **Storage and Handling**

#### **CinnoPar**<sup>®</sup> pen should:

- be stored in the refrigerator at 2°C to 8°C. During the use period, time out of the refrigerator should be minimized; the dose may be delivered immediately following removal from refrigerator.
- not be frozen.
- not be used after expiry date stated on the label and packaging.
- be thrown away after 30 days, even if it has medicine in it.

#### **References:**

1.Teriparatide drug information- UpToDate [January 2023] 2.CinnoPar® Leaflet

